# A. General Information

A2	Source of institutional control (Chec	k onl	y one):
A2	Public		
A2	Private (nonprofit)	Х	
A2	Proprietary		

# A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

А3	Coeducational college	Х
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

#### A4 Academic year calendar:

,	,	
<b>A4</b>	Semester	Х
<b>A4</b>	Quarter	
<b>A4</b>	Trimester	
<b>A4</b>	4-1-4	
<b>A4</b>	Continuous	
<b>A4</b>	Differs by program (describe):	
<b>A4</b>	Other (describe):	

# A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

A5	Degrees offered by your institution:	
<b>A5</b>	Certificate	Х
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	
A5	Transfer Associate	Х
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Х
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	Х
A5	Master's	Х
A5	Post-master's certificate	Х
<b>A5</b>	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
A5	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
A5	Doctoral degree other	
	-	

General Info Page 1

# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2012. Note:

Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

В1		FULL-TIME		PART	-TIME
В1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	85	219	1	1
В1	Other first-year, degree-seek	45	92	21	132
B1	All other degree-seeking	307	818	92	261
B1	Total degree-seeking	437	1,129	114	394
B1	All other undergraduates				
	enrolled in credit courses	0	3	11	17
B1	Total undergraduates	437	1,132	125	411
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	32	67	12	33
B1	All other degree-seeking	40	79	26	78
B1	All other graduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	28	69	73	188
B1	Total graduate	100	215	111	299
B1	Total all undergraduates			2,105	
B1	Total all graduate			725	
B1	<b>GRAND TOTAL ALL STUD</b>	ENTS			2,830

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2012. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2		Degree- Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree- Seeking Undergraduate s (include first- time first-year)	Total Undergraduate s (both degree- and non- degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	4	18	
B2	Hispanic	8	37	
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	4	45	
B2	White, non-Hispanic	275	1,910	
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hi	4	18	
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	6	40	
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	0	0	
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	0	0	
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	3	6	
B2	TOTAL	304	2,074	

	Persistence				
В3	Number of degrees award	ed from July	1, 2011 to Jun	e 30, 2012	
В3	Certificate/diploma				
	Associate degrees	18			
В3	U U	446			
	Postbachelor's certificates	151			
В3	5	390			
	Post-Master's certificates	72			
В3	Doctoral degrees –				
В3	research/scholarship Doctoral degrees –				
БЭ	professional practice				
В3	Doctoral degrees – other				
-	Doctoral degrees offici				
	Graduation Rates				
	The items in this section cor				
	based Data Collection Syste				
	instructions and definitions of		nts, see the IPE	EDS GRS instruc	ctions and
	glossary on the 2012 Web-b	ased survey.			
	For Bachelor's or Equivale	nt Programs			
	1				
	Please provide data for the I	all 2006 coh	ort if available.	If Fall 2006	
	cohort data are				
	not available, provide data fo	or the Fall 20	05 cohort.	T	
	- "				
	Fall 2006 Cohort	ing a finat time a	h h - l - wl - / - w		
	Report for the cohort of full-t				
	undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2006. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2006.				
B4					
D4	Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:				
_	undergraduate students, total all s	students.			310
B5	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how ma	ny did not persi	st and did not grad	duate for the	
	following reasons: death, permane				
	aid service of the federal governmexclusions:	nent, or official o	nurch missions; to	otal allowable	
				55.6	2
B6	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting question B4)	for allowable ex	clusions: (subtract	t question B5 from	
	,				308
В7	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how ma	ny completed th	ne program in four	years or less (by	
	August 31, 2010):				100
В8	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how ma				
	but in five years or less (after Aug	ust 31, 2010 ar	d by August 31, 2	011):	51
В9	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how ma	ny completed th	ne program in mor	e than five years	
	but in six years or less (after Augu				10
P40	Total graduating within six years (	,	, ,	,	10
BIU	Total graduating within six years (	sum of question	13 D7, D0, and D3)	•	161
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2006	cohort (question	n B10 divided by q	uestion B6):	
		I		I	52%

	Fall 2005 Cohort				
	Report for the cohort of full-t		,	. , .	•
	undergraduate students who				hose who
<b>.</b>	entered your institution during	ig the summe	<u>er term precedir</u>	ng Fall 2005.	
B4	Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full		s (or equivalent) d	egree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all s	students:			292
	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how ma				
	following reasons: death, permane aid service of the federal governm				
	exclusions:	ioni, or omolar c	maron missions, k	otal allowable	3
В6	Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting	for allowable ex	clusions: (subtrac	t question B5 from	5
	question B4)		,	•	289
	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how ma	ny completed th	ne program in four	years or less (by	
	August 31, 2009):				
B8	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how ma	ny completed th	ne program in mor	e than four vears	82
Во	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):				42
В9	Of the initial 2005 separt, how ma	ny completed th	o program in mor	o than five years	
	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):				
D40	10 Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):				
ВТО	Total graduating within six years (sum or questions by, bo, and bs).				135
B11	B11 Six-year graduation rate for 2005 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):				
		Г	<u></u>	T	47%
	Retention Rates				
	Report for the cohort of all full-time students who entered in Fall 2011				
	students who departed for the follo				
	forces, foreign aid service of the fo				
	the initial cohort should be made.				
B22	For the cohort of all full-time bach	elor's (or equiva	alent) degree-seek	ing undergraduate	
	students who entered your institut	ion as freshme	n in Éall 2011 (or t	he preceding	
	summer term), what percentage w			of the date your	
	institution calculates its official en	rollment in Fall	2012?		76%

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

### **Applications**

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2012. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

	applicants should include wait-listed stadents who were subsequen	itiy onici ca aanings	1011.
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	475	
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1180	1655 applied
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	289	
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	856	1145 admitted
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	85	
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	1	
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	219	304 enrolled
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	1	
		304	

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	NO NO
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		Х
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2012 admissions:		_
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?		

- C2 If yes, do you release that information to students?
- C2 Do you release that information to school counselors?

### **Admission Requirements**

C3 High school completion requirement

CJ	riigii school completion requirement	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	v
	accepted	Χ
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	
C4	Recommend	Х
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units		
C5	English		3
C5	Mathematics		3
C5	Science		2
C5	Of these, units that must be		
	lab		
C5	Foreign language		elective credits
C5	Social studies		2 of SS or History
C5	History		2 of SS or History

C5		4 units of college
	Academic electives	prep or foreign
		language or fine arts,
		computer science or
		other academic
		areas
C5	Computer Science	elective credits
C5	Visual/Performing Arts	elective credits
C5	Other (specify)	

### **Basis for Selection**

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

<b>C7</b>		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered	
C7	Academic					
C7	Rigor of secondary school record	х				
C7	Class rank	Х				
C7	Academic GPA	Х				
C7	Standardized test scores	Х				
C7	Application Essay			Х		
C7	Recommendation(s)			Х		
C7	Nonacademic					
C7	Interview					
C7	Extracurricular activities	Х				
C7	Talent/ability	Х				
C7	Character/personal qualities	Х				
C7	First generation		X			
C7	Alumni/ae relation		X			
C7	Geographical residence			Х		
C7	State residency			X		
C7	Religious				X	
	affiliation/commitment				^	
C7	Racial/ethnic status			X		
C7	Volunteer work	Х				
C7	Work experience	Х				
C7	Level of applicant's interest		X			

### **SAT and ACT Policies**

### C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No
,	n make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
scores in admissio	n decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	Х	
applicants?			

**C8A** If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2014.

C8A			ADMISSION			
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some		Not
					Consider if Submitted	Used
C8A	SAT or ACT	Х				
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
	ACT					
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only					

BB If your institution will mak 2014, please indicate wh admissions process):	ich ONE of the fo				
BB ACT with Writing Compo	nent required				
BB ACT with Writing compoing ACT with or without Writing				х	
C Please indicate how you	ır institution will us	se the SAT or A	ACT writing compon		
BC For admission				SAT essay	ACT essay
C For placement				X	X X
C For advising				X	X
In place of an application	ı essav				
C As a validity check on the					
application essay					
C No college policy as of n					
Not using essay compon	ent				
In addition does your in	etitution uso seel	icante' tost sac	ree for acadomic as	dvieina?	
In addition, does your in	Ye		No	aviolity :	
		J	140		
Latest date by which SA					
Latest date by which SA	T Subject Test sc	ores must be re	eceived for fall-		
term admission					
G Please indicate which tests	your institution uses		e.g., state tests):		
ACT SAT Subject Tests	<del>`</del>				
AP	,				
CLEP	, , ,				
Institutional Exam	>	<del></del>			
State Exam (specify):					
Freshman Profile Provide percentages for students enrolled in Fall students/nonresident alie	2012, including st ens, and students	udents who be admitted unde	gan studies during r special arrangeme	summer, interna ents.	tional `
Percent and number of standardized (SAT/ACT	) test scores. In	clude informa	tion for ALL enrol	led, degree-see	king, first-time, first-
year (freshman) studen			•		. •
scores but not critical ras TOEFL) in this item. score that 25 percent sabove.	Do not convert	SAT scores to	ACT scores and v	rice versa. The	25th percentile is the
	cored at or belov	w, the 75th pe	icentile score is th	ie one that 25 p	ercent scored at or
Percent submitting SAT	scores	Numl	per submitting SAT	scores	0 291

75th Percentile

25

25 25

25th Percentile

21

20

C9

C9 C9

C9

C9

SAT Critical Reading

SAT Math SAT Writing SAT Essay ACT Composite

ACT Math ACT English

C9	ACT Writing	

**C9** Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Critical		
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800			
C9	600-699			
C9	500-599			
C9	400-499			
C9	300-399			
C9	200-299			
	Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	2.41%	5.2%	4.81%
C9	24-29	39.52%	32.7%	39.52%
C9	18-23	53.95%	50.2%	44.67%
C9	12-17	4.12%	11.7%	11.00%
C9	6-11	0.00%	0.3%	0.00%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.0%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.0%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	17%		
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	45%		
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	84%	Top half +	
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	16%	bottom half = 100%	
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	3%		
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted his	gh school class		
	rank:		80	%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	34.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	23.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	18.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	11.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	11.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	3.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.48
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted	
high school GPA:	99.00%

# **Admission Policies**

$\sim 4 \sim$	Λ	~li~	~*i~r	ı Fee
. 1.5	AD	onc:	anoi	гее

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	х	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$ 25.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?		

^	a	2

C13	Same fee:	
C13	Free:	Х
C13	Reduced:	

C13	Yes	No

C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?		NA		
C14	Application closing date				
C14		Yes	No		
C14	Does your institution have an				
C14	application closing date? Application closing date (fall):	X August 15th			
	Priority date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
045				V	No.
C15	Are first-time, first-year studer	its accepted for to	erms other than the	Yes x	No
0.0	The met ame, met your etauer	no acceptou for the	ornio otnor than tho		<u> </u>
	Notification to applicants of ad On a rolling basis beginning	Imission decision	sent (fill in one only)		
C16	(date):				
C16	By (date):				
C16	Other:				
C17	Reply policy for admitted appli	cants (fill in one o	nly)		
C17	Must reply by (date):	,			
	No set date:				
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified	Preferred date is			
	thereafter	May 1			
C17	Other:				
		1/22)		1	
	Deadline for housing deposit (MI Amount of housing deposit:	M/DD):	\$ 100.00		
	Refundable if student does not e	nroll?	φ 100.00		
C17	Yes, in full	ancelled by May 1			
C17	Yes, in part				
C17	No				
C18	Deferred admission				
C18				Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow stude admission?	nts to postpone en	rollment after	x	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:	two years		
010	in yes, maximum pendu or posipi	onement.	iwo years		
	Early admission of high school	l students			
C19 C19	Does your institution allow high s	echool students to	enroll as full time first	Yes	No
CIS	time, first-year (freshman) stude				
	graduation?	·	ŭ	yes	
				I	l
000	Common Annli4!	On the state of th	CDC	(I.: 14:	06.20071.)
C20	Common Application	Question removed	from CDS.	(Initiated during 20	06-2007 cycle)
	Early Decision and Early	Action Plans			
C21	Early Decision				
C21	Description of a second	du decision plan (s	n adminaian nlan that	Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an ear permits students to apply and be				
	in advance of the regular notifica				х
	commit to attending if accepted)				
	applicants for fall enrollment?				
	If "yes," please complete the follo			T	1
	First or only early decision plan of First or only early decision plan r				
	Other early decision plan closing				
	Other early decision plan notifica				
	For the Fall 2012 entering clas-				

C21 Number of early decision applications received by your institution

C21 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
C21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

# C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?		х

C22	If "yes," please complete the following:	
C22	Early action closing date	
C22	Early action notification date	

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

**Fall Applicants** 

D1		Yes	No
	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	x	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2012.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men			66
D2	Women			224
D2	Total	0	0	290

# **Application for Admission**

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	X
D3	Spring	X
D3	Summer	X

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of		
	credits completed or else must apply as an entering		Х
	freshman?		
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit		•
	of measure?		

**D5** Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript	Х				
D5	College transcript(s)	Х				
D5	Essay or personal statement				х	
D5	Interview				Х	
D5	Standardized test scores		Х			
	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	Х				

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required	
	of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	8/1				Х
D9	Winter	12/1				Х
D9	Spring					Х
D9	Summer					Х

D10	Yes	No
D10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to		
transfer students?		

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

# **Transfer Credit Policies**

D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may	
be transferred for credit:	C-

D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	00	
	transferred from a two-year institution:	98	semester hours

D14		Number	Unit Type
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	00	
	transferred from a four-year institution:	98	semester hours

D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete	
	at your institution to earn an associate degree:	43.00

D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 30.00

Describe other transfer credit policies: All credits eligible for transfer from two year institutions will be transferred to Viterbo University. Students must, however, satisfy all support and discipline-specific

# **E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES**

**E1** Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	х
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration	X
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	х
E1	Dual enrollment	Х
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	х
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	Х
E1	Independent study	Х
E1	Internships	Х
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	х
E1	Student-designed major	Х
E1	Study abroad	Х
E1	Teacher certification program	х
E1	Weekend college	Х
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E3	Arts/fine arts	Х
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	Х
E3	Foreign languages	
E3	History	х
E3	Humanities	Х
E3	Mathematics	Х
E3	Philosophy	Х
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	Х
E3	Social science	Х
E3	Other (describe):	

**Library Collections:** The CDS Publishers

# F. STUDENT LIFE

**F1** Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2012 who fit the following categories:

	-		
F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	29%	23%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	0%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0%	0%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	90%	33%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	10%	67%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	1%	32%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	25

F2 <u>Activities offered Identify those progra</u>ms available at your institution.

	Activities offered facility those	progr
F2	Campus Ministries	Х
F2	Choral groups	Х
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	Х
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	International Student	х
	Organization	Χ.
F2	Jazz band	
F2	Literary magazine	Х
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	Х
F2	Musical theater	Х
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	Х
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Х
F2	Student newspaper	Х
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:		X	University of Wisconsin-La
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

**F4 Housing:** Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

	anacigiadades at your motitation	1.
F4	Coed dorms	Х
F4	Men's dorms	Х
F4	Women's dorms	Χ
F4	Apartments for married students	
F4	Apartments for single students	Χ
F4	Special housing for disabled	
	students	
F4	Special housing for international	
	students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	Χ
F4	Wellness housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	

Student Life Page 14

# I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2012. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post- doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	118	214	
11	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	6	2	
11	c)	Total number who are women	67	140	
11	d)	Total number who are men	51	74	
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	0	0	
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
11			64	44	
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
11		master's	51	114	
11	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	3	11	
	i۱	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
11	1)	Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b> must sum up to item <b>a</b> .)	0	45	
	i١	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
11	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	11	91	

#### I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2012 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2012 Student to Faculty ratio	12	to 1	(based on	1,747	students
				and	158	faculty)

#### 13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2012 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2012. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

						,		
CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	152	237	124	26	8	9	0	556
	956	3307	2903	842	305	691	100	9104
							AV Class	
							Size	16.34

13	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	16	39	13					68
•		97	537	283					917
	'							AV Class	
								Size	13.5

# J. DEGREES CONFERRED

# J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can

Category	Diploma/C ertificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and conservation				3
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			1.1%	11
1 Personal and culinary services				12
1 Education			6.7%	13
1 Engineering				14
1 Engineering technologies				15
1 Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics	100%		1.3%	16
1 Family and consumer sciences				19
1 Law/legal studies	i i			22
1 English			1.3%	23
1 Liberal arts/general studies	1 1	100%	1.1%	24
1 Library science	1 1			25
1 Biological/life sciences	1 1		5.2%	26
1 Mathematics and statistics			0.2%	27
Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
1 Interdisciplinary studies			5.6%	30
1 Parks and recreation			1.1%	31
1 Philosophy and religious studies			11170	38
1 Theology and religious vocations				39
1 Physical sciences				40
1 Science technologies				41
1 Psychology			2.9%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,			2.2%	43
firefighting, and protective services  Public administration and social services			3.6%	44
1 Social sciences	<del>† †</del>	-	1.1%	45
1 Construction trades	<del>† †</del>	-	1.170	46
1 Mechanic and repair technologies	<del>† †</del>	-		47
Precision production	+			48
1 Transportation and materials moving	+			49
1 Visual and performing arts	+		7.6%	50
Health professions and related			44.4%	51
programs			14.20/	72
1 Business/marketing			14.3%	52
1 History				54
1 Other 1 TOTAL (should = 100%)	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2012-2013

There are no structural or definitional changes to CDS for 2012-2013: other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items, CDS for 2012-2013 is identical to CDS for 2011-2012.

Undergraduates

# **G. ANNUAL EXPENSES**

**G0** Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2013-2014 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2013-2014 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this
time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2013-2014 academic
year costs of attendance will be available:

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2013-2014 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

First-Year

G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:			
	In-district			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS			
	Tuition:			
G1	REQUIRED FEES:			
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:			
	(on-campus)			
G1	ROOM ONLY:			
	(on-campus)			
G1	BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)			
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room an			
	college cannot provide separate tuit	ion and room and		
	board fees):			
	T			
G1	Other:			
			Minimum.	Mandania
G2	Number of avadita was tasse a study	at ann talen fan tha	Minimum	Maximum
GZ	Number of credits per term a studer stated full-time tuition	it can take for the		
	stated full-time fullion		<u> </u>	
G3			Yes	No
	Do tuition and fees vary by year of s	study (e.a.	100	110
00	sophomore, junior, senior)?	nady (o.g.,		
	<u> </u>			
G4			Yes	No
	Do tuition and fees vary by undergra	aduate instructional	163	INO
34	program?			
•	program:			
G4			%	
			1	
G4	If yes, what percentage of full-time ι			
	more than the tuition and fees repor	ted in G1?		

**G5** Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies			
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			

G6	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)		
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-district:		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:		
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:		
	I .		

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

**Black**, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

#### Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctor's degree-research/scholarship:** A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-other:** A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the postbaccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**International student group:** Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

**Student-designed major:** A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

#### **Financial Aid Definitions**

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant**: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid**: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid**: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards
Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.